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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/091,325	03/06/2002	Yasuaki Tanaka	991186A	7967
38834	7590 12/07/2004		EXAM	INER
WESTERN	MAN, HATTORI, DANI	NGUYEN, HUNG		
1250 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NW SUITE 700 WASHINGTON, DC 20036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2851	
			DATE MAILED: 12/07/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/091,325	TANAKA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Hung Henry V Nguyen	2851
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a r - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repreply within the statutory minimum of thirty (od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH tute, cause the application to become ABA	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under the condition of the	his action is non-final. wance except for formal matter	·
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 62-84 is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 62-76 and 78-83 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) 77 and 84 is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on 06 June 2002 is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the	lrawn from consideration. d/or election requirement. iner. a) □ accepted or b) □ object he drawing(s) be held in abeyanc	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	•	•
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreit a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a least term.	ents have been received. ents have been received in Apriority documents have been re eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No. <u>09/421,331</u> . eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s)	_	
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/02</u>. 		Mail Date ormal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 62-76, 78-83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshimura et al (U.S.Pat. 5,898,477) in view of Takahashi et al (U.S.Pat. 5,892,573).

With regard to claims 62-76 and 78-83, Yoshimura et al (fig.1) discloses an exposure apparatus and method for transferring a pattern formed a reticle onto a sensitive substrate comprising steps of measuring the variation in a transmittance of the optical system/the intensity profiled of illuminating light by measuring the transmittance of the optical system through the projection lens (10) before a pattern formed on the reticle being transferred to the substrate and measuring the illuminating light passing through the projection lens during the exposure via illuminance monitors (A#12 and B#15). Yoshimura further teaches a first sensor (12) disposed in the illuminating optical system for detecting the amount of the illuminating light and a second sensor (15) placed in the image plane for measuring the amount of the illuminating light passing through the projection lens. (see fig.1) and the light source for illumination the reticle is an excimer laser (a wavelength of 250nm or less) (see col.6, line 17); a memory (202) for storing the measured light amount. Also, Yoshimura teaches a main control system (104) for calculating

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a desired exposure amount on the substrate based on the data obtained by illuminance monitors (A#12 and B#15); and the substrate is then exposed with the desired exposure amount (see col.5. lines 23 to col.6, lines 13). Yoshimura does not expressly disclose calculating the desired exposure on the substrate, in consideration of the information relating to the variation in intensity of illumination light and the information relating to the distribution of illumination. Takahashi el al discloses an exposure apparatus and teaches to calculate a coefficient in variation based on the output signals from the first and second light quantity detectors (see col.5, lines 62 through col. 6, line 5; formulas: 1-4 of Takahashi) and calculating the desired exposure on the substrate, in consideration of the information relating to the variation in intensity of illumination light and the information relating to the distribution of illumination (see col.7, lines 5-15; col.8, lines 17-31; col.9, lines 26-47 and equations (1) and (2). In view of such teachings, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Yoshimura and Takahashi to obtain the invention as specified in the above mentioned claims. Given the output signals of detectors (12, 15) of Yoshimura, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art of mathematics to compute the desired exposure on the substrate, in consideration of the information relating to the variation in intensity of illumination light and the information relating to the distribution of illumination as taught by Takahashi whereby the desired exposure amount is properly determined and thus the quality of the images to be printed in greatly improved.

Allowable Subject Matter

- 3. Claims 77 and 84 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 4. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: while the prior art of record discloses aperture diaphragm for determining the size of shape of the illumination light and it is well known in the art that when σ value of illumination is changed, or oblique illumination is to be performed the aperture diaphragm can be replaced. But the prior art does not specifically teach illumination of the mask under special conditions as recited in claims 86-89 of the instant invention.

Response to Amendment

5. Applicant's amendments filed June 6, 2002 have been entered. New claims 62-84 have been added. Applicant's argument with respect to the prior art have been carefully considered but they are not found persuasive and have been rejected as set forth above. In response to applicant's argument that the applied references fail to suggest utilizing both information relating to variation in intensity of an illumination light on an exposure region on a substrate and information relating a distribution of illuminance in the exposure region to compute a desired exposure light amount on the substrate"; the Examiner respectfully disagrees with the application. For instance, Takahashi meets the limitations as claimed since Takahashi teaches the output signal S1 of the first detector 12 is measured and is used to computed the light quantity E upon the wafer W surface and is given as E=gS1. Furthermore, the output signals S1

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and S2 of the first and second detectors (12, 13) are applied to the light quantity calculating means (102) to compute the light quantity on the wafer W (see col.9, lines 34-45 and col.10, lines 1-35) and "correct measurement of light quantity on the wafer W surface is used to correct the exposure amount (see col.13, lines 34-35).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hung Henry V Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-2124. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (First Friday off).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-2258. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Hung Henry V Nguyen Primary Examiner

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